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**Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services Agency**

**Business Continuity Plan**

**Non-clinical DepartmeNT Template with EMBEDDED INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

February 23, 2016

**Acknowledgements**

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**About the Template and Instruction Manual**

This Business Continuity Plan (BCP) template and instruction manual is provided by the Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Agency as a resource to assist healthcare facilities document their business continuity program planning activities, and to meet the US DHHS ASPR Healthcare Preparedness Capability 2: Healthcare System Recovery whose focus is an effective and efficient return to normalcy or a new standard of normalcy for the provision of healthcare delivery to the community. The Los Angeles County EMS Agency has conducted several business continuity-related webinars and workshops. These resources, including BIA tools, interviewing tips, and more are available at: http://ems.dhs.lacounty.gov/.

**Business Continuity Planning Process**

Business continuity planning facilitates the performance of essential functions during all-hazards emergencies or other situations that may disrupt normal operations. The formal business continuity planning process includes several steps prior to the creation of a BCP.

* ***Create a Business Continuity Planning Team*** led by a member of senior leadership. This team leads and facilitate the activities below.
	+ **As a Department Leader, follow the guidance of your Business Continuity Planning Team, and expect to participate in the following activities.** You may want to form a BCP Team within your own department to be better able to assess your needs and determine solutions.
* ***Conduct a Business Impact Analysis (BIA) and Business Process Analysis (BPA)*** for the department. The BIA and BPA can be done concurrently.
	+ This template focuses on the completion of a BCP for a non-clinical department.
	+ The purpose of the BIA is to identify essential services, identify impacts if these essential services are interrupted, and determine the priority to bring these services back to full operational status.
	+ The purpose of the BPA is to understand how these essential services and functions are performed by identifying their interdependencies and identifying needed resources (staffing, supplies, facilities) to perform the essential services (not necessarily all services).
* ***Determine the Continuity Plan*** by using the results of the analyses, identify a priority list of services and functions that need to be maintained and restored; and identify if / or create downtime or workaround procedures, staffing, supplies, and/or facilities until all services are restored.
* ***Conduct Trainings and Exercises*** to educate staff, and practice and improve the BCP. This should be done on an annual schedule.

**Planning Process Tips**

The Facility-level Business Continuity Planning Team will facilitate the development of departmental BCPs. Below are some methods that your Facility-level Business Continuity Planning Team may implement to assist departments to develop their BCP.

* ***Traditional Method***: the most common and most formal method of conducting the business continuity planning process is to have ***each department complete a*** ***worksheet*** that will include both BIA and BPA components, and may reach into some BCP solutions. A member of the Business Continuity Planning Team will then ***interview each department individually*** to validate the worksheet information, and further develop BCP solutions. The results will then be used to complete the BCP.
* ***Optional Method***: The ***department BCP template may be used instead of the BIA tool*** to serve as a data collection sheet and interview guide. This may save time as it is one less document to work on.
* ***Group Method:*** This can be done with the Traditional or Optional Methods, but rather than individual interviews, representatives from similar departments (like inpatient services) are ***brought together in workshops to complete the worksheet or BCP template***. This may save time, and also might provide more details with the group thinking together.
* ***Combination of Methods:*** A combination of approaches may be useful and more effective for your facility to initially develop and/or update BCPs.

**Template is a Resource, but its use is Not Required**

This and other BCP templates and resources provided are intended to give healthcare facilities a variety of tools and guidance in order to develop their business continuity program. While there are contractual requirements related to healthcare continuity and recovery, the use of these specific templates and resources are not required.

**Personalize for Your Facility**

The BCP template is designed to be comprehensive, however it is also designed to be

personalized to your facility. If there are sections (such as topics related to research) that are

not related to your facility, you should delete that information.

**Use Your Own Data**

The BCP template includes sample assessments and data. These details are intended to provide examples of the type of information that should be included in the tables and lists. As you are completing the BCP, update these information with the results of your business impact analysis and other assessments.

**Using this Instruction Manual**

**Embedded Instructions**

The remaining portion of this document is an exact copy of the Non-Clinical Department BCP Template with the addition of embedded instructions, tips, and notes.

**Ways to use the template:**

* If you are unfamiliar with the concepts of business continuity planning, you can use the Instruction Manual for information, and have the Template open at the same time for you to use to make your facility’s edits.
* Or you can complete the Template with Embedded Instructions with your facility’s information, and use it as your BCP. If you choose this method, you can delete the embedded instructions, or you may choose to retain the instructions to assist with future regular reviews of the BCP.

**Bracketed Text**

Brackets are used in this Instruction Manual to identify text and guidance not included in the actual Template document. These are used to identify instructions, tips, and notes.

TIP:

Example of what the embedded Instruction Manual brackets look like that contain additional tips and guidance.

**Highlighted Text**

Text that is highlighted designates a place holder to be personalized by your facility. Highlighted text also indicates example information that should be updated to your facility’s information. If the highlighted example text is not relevant to your facility, you should delete it.

 Example Highlighted Text to be updated and personalized or deleted

Facility Logo or Photo

**Facility Name**

**Business Continuity Plan**

**Non-clinical Department [Template]**

Version Date: February 23, 2016

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**Business Continuity Plan Overview**

Facility Name recognizes the importance of continuity planning to ensure the continuity of performing essential services across a wide range of emergencies and incidents, and to enable our organization to continue functions on which our customers and community depend.

**Department Business Continuity Planning Activities include:**

* Conduct business impact analysis and business process analysis
* Identify mission-essential services, recovery time objectives, and maximum tolerable downtimes
* Develop department-specific business continuity plan
* Conduct staff trainings and exercises to evaluate the plans

The Business Continuity Plan (BCP) describes the implementation of coordinated strategies that initiate activation, relocation, and/or continuity of operations for this department. The BCP is an all-hazards plan that addresses the full spectrum and scale of threats from natural, manmade, and technological sources.

**Objectives**

* Facilitate immediate, accurate and measured service continuity activities after emergency conditions are stabilized.
* Reduce the time it takes to make some critical decisions that personnel will need to make when a disaster occurs.
* Minimize the incident’s effect on daily operations by ensuring a smooth transition from emergency response operations back to normal operations.
* Expedite restoration of normal services.

**BCP Activation**

**The BCP is activated after emergency conditions are stabilized.**

If an incident disrupts normal operations and impacts essential operations of this department, measures are to be taken to prepare and pre-position resources to ensure continuity of mission essential services and processes.

NOTE: If the department cannot operate and/or there is a life safety issue, go directly to Evacuation Procedures located in the Department Emergency Response Plan.

The Hospital Command Center (HCC) using the Hospital Incident Command System (HICS) and a HICS Incident Management Team will implement emergency response procedures outlined in the Emergency Operations Plan (EOP). The HCC and HICS Team are comprised of personnel with the knowledge and authority to respond to incidents that can impact the ability of the facility to perform its normal daily functions. The HICS Business Continuity Branch Director will coordinate continuity activities.

Department BCPs are secondary to the EOP and department Emergency Response Plans.

Following the occurrence of an incident adversely impacting the ability to operate, decisions regarding continuity and/or recovery of operations and patient care will be made. The decision will be based on the results of the damage assessment, the nature and severity of the incident, and other information supplied by staff, emergency responders or inspectors. If the department experiences major damage, loss of staffing, a dangerous response environment, or other problems that severely limit its ability to meet needs, the Incident Commander, in consultation with department leadership, may relocate operations.

**Initial Actions Checklist for the Department Manager**

* Notify employees of BCP activation.
* Document status of major equipment and critical supplies (see Equipment and Supplies List).
* Evaluate and document immediate staffing levels.
* Determine how long you can operate in current state.
* Assess need to close down unit and/or relocate services.
* Communicate unit status, including resource needs, unit closure requirements, and staffing shortages to Hospital Command Center (HCC).
* Communicate need to close down unit and/or relocate services to the HCC.
* Evaluate ongoing staff needs based on existing and predicted levels of human resources available.
* Implement alternative staff resource options, including contractor staffing options that may supplement staffing needs.

**Orders of Succession**

Insert Department Description Paragraph

Continuity of leadership is critical to ensure continuity of essential functions. Department Name has established and maintains Orders of Succession for key positions in the event department leadership is incapable of performing authorized duties. The designation as a successor enables that individual to serve in the same position as the principal in the event of that principal’s death, incapacity, or resignation.

All persons (by position) listed will have authority to operate in the position they are assuming to the fullest extent possible until such person is relieved by the next highest-ranking individual.

TIP:

Review all facility and department policies and existing plans to identify orders of succession, and ensure that the existing documents do not contradict. There should be clear delineation for normal operations and emergency / recovery operations.

TIP:

The following table has been pre-filled with sample positions.

Personalize these positions to match the titles used at your facility.

**Department Name Succession Plan**

| **Key Position** | **Successor 1** | **Successor 2** | **Successor 3** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Department Manager |  |  |  |
| Assistant Manager |  |  |  |
| Senior Staff, Level III |  |  |  |
| Senior Staff, Level II |  |  |  |
| Senior Staff |  |  |  |
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**Delegations of Authority**

In Orders of Succession, a successor will typically take on all of the duties of the person they are replacing. Delegations of Authority allows certain duties of one individual/position to be divvied up and assigned / delegated to multiple individuals if the designated Successor is not available or based on expertise of other facility personnel.

Department Name has established Delegations of Authority to provide successors the legal authority to act on behalf of Department Name for specific purposes, and to carry out specific duties. Delegations of Authority will take effect when normal channels of direction are disrupted and will terminate when these channels are reestablished.

Delegation of authorities for making policy determinations and for taking necessary actions at all levels of an organization ensures a rapid and effective response to any emergency requiring the activation of a continuity plan.

TIP:

For policy and department-wide decisions, it is likely that your department will follow

all Orders of Succession for the Delegated Authority.

This table allows the identification of another position to take on the authority for specific decisions if the Succession positions are not available

or based on the expertise and experience of other staff members.

| **Authority**  | **Triggering Conditions** | **Position Holding Authority** | **Delegated Authority** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Evacuate the department | When conditions make coming to or remaining in the department unsafe | Department Manager | 1. Assistant Dept Mgr2. Senior Staff, Level III3. Senior Staff, Level II |
| Allow staff to leave work | When the pre-identified department leadership is not available | Department Manager | 1. Assistant Dept Mgr2. Dept Mgr’s Supervisor3. HR Manager  |
| Purchase supplies | When the pre-identified senior leadership is not available | Department Manager | 1. Assistant Dept Mgr2. Dept Mgr’s Supervisor3. Finance Director |
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**Mission-Essential Services Assessment**

Mission-essential services and functions are important and urgent. Essential functions are the activities that cannot be deferred during an emergency. These activities must be performed continuously or resumed quickly following a disruption.

The recovery timeframe of all services, departments and functions are assessed and prioritized to assist in planning and recovery implementation. They serve as key continuity planning factors necessary to determine appropriate staffing, communications, essential records, facilities, training, and other requirements.

Each department maintains a plan that identifies their essential functions, staffing, vital records, and key applications, equipment, and supplies. Implementation of a department’s continuity plan will be based on the needs and considerations of the actual incident and resources available, and may be implemented in a different schedule than identified below.

Any function which does not need to be performed for 3 days is not considered essential.

The reason the organization defers activities until later is to free up resources that allow it to focus on those things that cannot be deferred. Thus, it is just as important to identify non-essential functions (which can be deferred) as it is to identify essential functions (which cannot be deferred).

The Maximum Tolerable Downtime is the maximum length of time (in hours or days) that the service or function can be discontinued without causing irreparable harm to people (staff, patients, visitors) or operations.

| **Tier****0** | **Recovery Time Objective****Immediate** | **Criticality****Immediately needed; presents life threatening or catastrophic impact if interrupted** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tier 0** | **Dept Division** | **Essential Service / Function** |  |
| Tier 0 | Infrastructure | Fire suppression |  |
| Tier 0 | Security | Lockdown |  |
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| **Tier****1** | **Recovery Time Objective****4 hours or less** | **Criticality****Needed in less than 4 hrs, or it may present threat to life safety if downtime extends beyond** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tier 1** | **Dept Division** | **Essential Service / Function** |  |
| Tier 1 | Utilities | Power to critical areas |  |
| Tier 1 | IT/Network Admin | Operations support for all services |  |
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| **Tier****2** | **Recovery Time Objective** **12 hours or less** | **Criticality****Needed in same shift or < 12 hrs, or likely to impact operations and/or patient satisfaction** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tier 2** | **Dept Division** | **Essential Service / Function** |  |
| Tier 2 | F&N/In-house | Foodservice for patients and staff |  |
| Tier 2 | Human Resources | Get staff needed for response; Staff notification |  |
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| **Tier****3** | **Recovery Time Objective****3 days or less** | **Criticality****Minimal impact or risk; needed in 1 to 3 days** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tier 3** | **Dept Division** | **Essential Service / Function** |  |
| Tier 3 | Admin/Risk Mgmt | Regulatory compliance & reporting |  |
| Tier 3 | Human Resources | Medical staff licensing and credentialing |  |
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| **Tier****4** | **Recovery Time Objective****3 days or more** | **Criticality****Need in long term, beyond 3 days** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tier 4** | **Dept Division** | **Essential Service / Function** |  |
| Tier 4 | HIM | Transcription |  |
| Tier 4 | Education | Health education |  |
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**Staffing**

**Normal Staffing**

The Department Name employs the following staffing types and levels. If it becomes necessary to relocate services to another location, this list can be used as a starting point to ensure staffing resources and functions are complete.

**Disaster Response and Continuity Staffing**

The Department Manager (or designee, or successor) will work with the HCC to minimize the impact to departmental operations by maintaining, resuming and recovering critical functions to the service levels identified the department’s Emergency Response Plan, and the Recovery Time Objectives defined in the department’s BCP.

During an emergency or disaster, staff resources may be limited. The following identifies the minimum staffing required in maintaining mission critical services and operations.

TIP:

You should use more specific details on the position titles and essential service/function.

| **Position Title** | **Essential Service / Function** | **FTEs required during normal conditions** | **Minimum FTEs required during crisis** | **FTE who may be available for re-assignment** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Manager | Administration | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Assistant Manager | Administration | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Admin Assistant | Administration | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Project Manager | Technical lead | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| Tech Level I | Tech support | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| Student | Tech support | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Volunteer | Clerical support | 2 | 0 | 2 |
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**Hospital Command Center Staffing**

When the HCC is activated, designated staff will leave the department and take on a position on the HICS Incident Management Team and will no longer serve their role in this department. The following staff (identified by department position) will likely be assigned to the Hospital Command Center and unavailable to perform departmental services (actual assignment to the HCC will be incident-specific):

* Assistant Manager

TIP:

If no staff are pre-identified to serve in the HCC, you should state so here instead of leaving the list blank.

**Loss of Staffing**

If the incident results in a decrease in staff available, or a need for increased staff, the Department Manager (or designee, or successor), will work with the HICS Operations Section and the HICS Logistics Section / Support Branch / Labor Pool & Credentialing Unit to identify needs, and if necessary, brainstorm on possible solutions.

Staffing considerations include:

* Evaluation of immediate and ongoing staff needs based on existing and predicted levels of human resources available.
* Activate the department call list and notify employees as to plan activation and determine availability. Have staff report to department.
* Notification of human resources, managers, union representatives and other key personnel as to status and plan implementation.
* Explore alternative staff resource options.
* Identification of contractors or other staff options that may alleviate problems resulting from staff loss.
* Identification of work options available through “telecommuting” or other off-site possibilities.
* Assess flexible leave options that would allow employees to address family needs while continuing to support the employing organization through a flexible work plan where feasible.
* Assess union issues surrounding overtime issues and disaster support/sharing of responsibilities among workers.
* Evaluation of potential health and safety issues that may arise through diversion of staff to new job roles and loss of critical staff in various operational positions.

**Interdependencies - From Others**

To perform mission critical services, the Department Name depends on the following internal and external dependencies or needs.

The Maximum Tolerable Downtime is the maximum length of time (in hours or days) that the service or function can be discontinued without causing irreparable harm to people (staff, patients, visitors) or operations.

TIP:

In order for your department to perform its mission-essential services and functions,

**what and who do you rely on from within the facility**?

**Internal Dependencies**

| **Essential Service / Function** | **Dependency (Need)** | **Dept / Division Responsible** | **Actions if Dependency is Unavailable** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Lights | Electricity | Engineering / Power | Use flashlights, open curtains |  |
| Internal phones and paging system | Communication devices | Telecommunications | Use hand-held radios and runners with paper messages. |  |
| HVAC Boilers | Industrial water, electricity | Engineering / Water and Power |  |  |
| Critical applications and data storage | Computers, software | Information Technology | Implement downtime procedures. |  |
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**External Dependencies**

For most external dependencies, the department will rely on internal methods for procuring staffing and resources via the Hospital Command Centers.

For external dependencies that this department depends on to perform its mission essential functions and services and that this department has direct contact with, see the following table.

TIP:

In order for your department to perform its mission-essential services and functions,

**what and who do you rely on that comes from outside of the facility AND that your department has direct contact with to procure these services?**

If your department does not work with any outside vendors,

delete the information from the table, and write Not Applicable.

| **Essential Service / Function** | **Dependency (Need)** | **Organization Responsible** | **Actions if Dependency is Unavailable** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Electricity  | Electricity from the main power grid | Southern California Edison | Use emergency generators. Ration power use. Deploy emergency lanterns. |  |
| Heat boilers | Gas | SoCal Gas |  |  |
| Make infra-structure repairs | Replenish needed supplies | Vendors |  |  |
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**Interdependencies - To Others**

The following internal departments and services depend on the Department Name to perform its mission-critical services.

TIP:

In order for other departments in the facility

to perform their mission-essential services and functions,

**how do they rely on you?**

**What service or function do you do that others rely on you still being able to do?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Essential Service / Function** | **Dependency (Need)** | **Dependent Dept / Division** |
| Lights and power outlets | Electricity | Emergency DepartmentSurgery - Operating RoomTelecommunicationsInformation TechnologyLaboratoryPharmacyPatient Care Units |
| Emergency lights and power outlets | Electricity, emergency | Emergency DepartmentSurgery - Operating RoomTelecommunicationsInformation TechnologyLaboratoryPharmacyPatient Care Units |
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**Mission-Essential Equipment and Supplies**

During activations, the Department Manager (or designee, or successor) in coordination with staff will assess the department’s essential equipment and supplies and report the status to the Hospital Command Center (HCC) as requested. During this process the following steps will be taken:

* Document status of major equipment or critical supplies, both on hand and in use, and how long they can operate with present supply of vital consumable materials.
* Take inventory of current equipment and supplies and create a resupply list.
* Check condition of storage or onsite stockpiles to determine the level of damage to equipment and goods.
* If it becomes necessary to relocate services to another facility, this list can be used as a starting point to ensure resources will be available.

TIP:

Be as specific as possible so that the HCC can get you the resources that you need.

Be sure to revisit this section when you do your regular BCP updates.

| **Description (Item, brand, size, etc.)** | **Usual Quantity** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Computer (with monitor, keyboard, mouse) with intranet connection | 10 |  |
| Microsoft Office | 10 |  |
| Telephones | 10 |  |
| Chairs | 20 |  |
| Desks | 10 |  |
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**Vendors / Resources Contact List**

Vendors that are relied upon for interdependent services are identified below. Vendor contact information may also be included in the Vital Records for the Materials Management Department.

During an emergency response, the HICS Logistics Section may assist the department in contacting and procuring needed resources.

TIP:

If you do not directly contact or do not know your external vendors and resources,

you may not need to complete the table, however you should indicate not applicable.

| **Service** | **Company** | **Point of Contact** | **Emergency Phone Number** | **Emergency Contract in Place?** | **Maximum Tolerable Downtime** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
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**Mission-Essential IT Applications**

| **Recovery Time** | **Software Application** |
| --- | --- |
| 0-2 Hours | * System alarms
 |
| 2-12 Hours | * Repair Request System
* Vendor List
 |
| 12-72 Hours | * Email
* Payroll
 |

**IT and Communications Downtime Procedures**

Administrative responsibility of the downtime procedures resides with each department. Department responsibility includes maintenance of downtime procedures, which specifies the alternative processes that are to be activated to assure continuity of services during a downtime event. The downtime procedures are to be reviewed and tested on a yearly basis.

| **Downtime Procedures Checklist** |
| --- |
| **Computer & Network** |
| **Disruption** | * Activate downtime procedures.
* If Repair Request System is down, use phones and/or radios and paper request forms.
 |
| **Recovery** | * When network and system are back up, downtime forms will be back entered into the system manually by support personnel.
 |
| **Telephone** |
| **Disruption** | * Use radios and/or runners and paper request forms.
 |
| **Recovery** | * Use phones, and can continue to use radios and/or runners with paper request forms.
 |

**Mission-Essential Vital Records**

Another critical element of a viable continuity plan and program is the identification, protection, and ready availability of electronic and hardcopy documents, references, records, information systems, and data management software and equipment (including classified and other sensitive data) needed to support essential functions during a emergency response, service continuity, and recovery.

Department Name personnel, vital records, and storage locations have been pre-identified. Staff will be deployed during an emergency to ensure the protection and ready availability of these essential records to support essential functions under the full spectrum of emergencies.

| **Vital Records:**  | **Location** |
| --- | --- |
| **Emergency Operations** | **Electronic Copy**  | **Hard Copy**  | **Mobile Copy**  | **Remote Back-Up**  |
| Standard Operating Procedures Plan (SOPs) |  |  |  |  |
| Department Disaster Plan |  |  |  |  |
| Evacuation Plan |  |  |  |  |
| Business Continuity Plan |  |  |  |  |
| Orders of Succession |  |  |  |  |
| Delegations of Authority |  |  |  |  |
| Downtime Procedures |  |  |  |  |
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**Vital Records: Rights and Interests Records**

Essential to carrying out the departments mission-critical, essential legal and financial activities.

| **Vital Records:**  | **Location** |
| --- | --- |
| **Essential Business**  | **Electronic Copy**  | **Hard Copy**  | **Mobile Copy**  | **Remote Back-Up**  |
| Facility blueprints and schematics |  |  |  |  |
| Licenses |  |  |  |  |
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**Continuity Facilities, Department Closure and Devolution**

**Continuity Facilities**

Our overall business continuity strategy is based upon using existing internal resources for continuity of services and operations impacted by a disruptive incident, whenever possible. Primarily, this involves the relocation of departmental services to one of three alternates:

* The designated department staff would relocate to an alternate location, as identified in the Business Continuity Plan below.
* Designated department staff may be assigned to other departments.
* Staff equipped to work at home may be assigned to continue to work at home.

If the incident requires an immediate evacuation response without being able to conduct formal Department Closure procedures, in planning with the Emergency Management Coordinator and the Business Continuity Planning Team, each department has identified at least three evacuation locations (on the same floor, vertical evacuation, and outdoor collection area).

In coordination with the HCC, it will be determined whether services (clinical and non-clinical) can be continued in this location. If services can be continued, then resources needed will be identified.

TIP:

Be sure to work closely with the Hospital Command Center to ensure safety and ability continue operations. Keep the HCC updated on your operational status.

**Department Closure**

If a primary department location is deemed to be inoperable or unsafe, the Department Manager (or designee, or successor) will initiate department closure procedures, and prepare for relocation to the alternate location which may provide full or limited operational capability. The decision to close and the activation of the alternate operating facility and relocation will be coordinated with the HCC.

**Department Closure: Department Manager (or designee, or successor) Checklist**

* Coordinate with HCC: criteria to shut down, location of alternate location, set up, supplies needed, transport of equipment/supplies, security of building, and IT accessibility.
* Notification of closure and relocation site with exact date/time to staff and departments.
* Determine staff schedule that correlates with needs in alternate location.
* Equipment and Supplies
	+ Request par level for supplies and determine essential needs for alternate site.
	+ Contact HCC to have transport brought to loading area dock for supplies.
	+ Designate staff to load supplies in appropriate vehicles with inventory of those being relocated.
* Collaborate with IT areas for computer access, application availability and areas of needed.

**Relocation to Continuity Facilities**

In coordination with the HCC, an assessment of the safety of the alternate facility will need to be completed before our department will relocate.

**Continuity Facility Requirements**

| **Requirement** | **Details, Notes, Comments** |
| --- | --- |
| Internet connectivity  |  |
| Intranet connectivity |  |
| 220 volt power |  |
| Radio accessibility |  |
| HazMat containment |  |
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**Pre-Identified Continuity Facilities**

| **Continuity Facility** (Name of floor, dept, building ,etc) | **Operational Capability** | **Accommodations** (Ready to use, resources required, etc.) | **Notes** | **Address, Telephone** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Full** | **Limited** |
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**Relocation: Department Manager (or designee, or successor) Checklist**

* Contact alternate site when en route to relocation site.
* Designate locations for equipment, supplies and vital records.
* Designate staff to unload equipment/supplies and equipment to designated areas.
* Place supplies in designated area and secure.
* Inventory relocated supplies and equipment.
* Designate patient care areas.
* Conduct patient assessment upon arrival.
* Designate area for staff breaks and rest periods.
* Ensure security of building.
* Post signage.
* Provide breaks and rest periods to staff.
* Re-evaluate staff schedule and needs per shift and adjust as needed.
* Collaborate with IT and Business Office: assignments of data entry not captured at alternate care site to be entered.
* Do not dispose of unsalvageable equipment. Everything must be inventoried and evaluated for insurance purposes.
* Use pre-existing order lists of products and supplies for each area to inventory supplies and create resupply lists.
* Identify any equipment and/or supplies currently in storage that can be used to replace missing or damaged items.
* Work with IT and Communications to identify missing or damaged computers or communications equipment.
* Work with Facilities team to ensure that all utilities are working correctly.

**Devolution**

Devolution takes place when an organization’s primary and alternate facilities, staff, or both are unavailable and essential functions must be transferred to someone else at a different facility.

If we are unable to provide patient care (to a single department up to the whole facility), the devolution plan is to work with our sister facilities and community response partners to transport patients to another healthcare facility. Our Evacuation Plan details the procedures for patient movement, information and resources that need to accompany the patients, and our Communication Plan identifies key contacts.

Once it is safe to do so, Reconstitution activities will commence.

**Reconstitution: Recovery and Resumption of Services**

Reconstitution is the process by which surviving and/or replacement organization personnel resume normal operations in the primary operating space (a single department, floor, or the entire facility). In some cases, extensive coordination may be necessary to backfill staff, procure new operating space or facility, and re-establish communications, IT infrastructure, and essential records. Once it is confirmed that essential infrastructure and supplies are available, services may be resumed at primary workspace.

**The four key phases of reconstitution for any type of operating space are:**

1. Re-enter the physical space - ensure safety
2. Re-open the physical space - replenish supplies, equipment, and staff
3. Repatriation of patients, if a patient care area
4. Resumption of normal service delivery

**Department Manager (or designee) Checklist**

* Confirm with the HCC to validate all clear to return to facility. In cooperation with the HCC:
* Inform all personnel that the emergency no longer exists
* Implement a service priority-based phased approach to reconstitution of the department.
* Confirm that proper authorities (facility, government agencies) have approved the repatriation and resumption of services.
* Notify employees of reconstitution and when to report.
	+ If staff need transportation from an alternate work site, make arrangements with the HCC.
* Contact HCC if it is necessary to transport equipment and supplies from the alternate work location. Assign staff to load supplies, equipment, records and return to facility.
* Verify all systems, communications, and other required capabilities are available and operational.
* Identify vital records affected by the incident and ensure an effective transition or recovery of records.
* Update the HCC when all staff, equipment and supplies have returned to the normal worksite.
* Reopen department and resume operations.
* Notify internal and external stakeholders of reconstitution.
* Prepare After-Action Report, Corrective Action and Improvement Plans.

**Appendix A: BCP Update Schedule**

In order to ensure efficacy of the BCP, it is to be reviewed and updated on the schedule outlined below. The Department Manager is responsible for maintaining and carrying out the Update Schedule. Once updated, the Plan must be approved, and then provided to all responsible parties and previous version gathered and destroyed.

NOTE: Following an incident, it will be determined whether an out-of-cycle update is required. If so, the update will be recorded and the BCP will be revised and distributed.

BCP updates may occur with:

* The addition of new employees or transferred employees to the department.
* The relocation of employees, supply areas or other resources.
* Changes in departmental procedures that would affect downtime procedures.
* Changes in management or reporting structure within the department.
* New computer systems to be used by the department.
* Changes in vendors that the department is using.
* After an actual downtime occurs.
* Lessons learned from a BCP training or exercise.
* Annual review.

| **Date of Update** | **Plan Version** | **Reason for Update** |
| --- | --- | --- |
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**Appendix B: BCP Training and Exercise Schedule**

The BCP will be trained and exercised on the schedule outlined below. Trainings and exercises should occur prior to the required plan update in order for the lessons learned to be reflected in the update.

The Department Manager is responsible for ensuring the exercises and trainings are carried out and documented.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Training or Exercise Title** | **BCP Focus Area** |
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